



Save the date:
Capital Markets Day
September 22–23
Warsaw, Poland

CTP N.V. Financial Highlights **FY-2025**

26 February 2026

FY-2025: Strong financial results supported by demand tailwinds

Financial highlights

€760m

(+14.4% vs. 2024)

Gross Rental income

€1.1b

(+21.1% vs. 2024)

Net valuation result

€405m

(+11.3% vs. 2024)

Company Specific
Adjusted EPRA earnings

€0.85

(+6.3% vs. 2024)

Company Specific
Adjusted EPRA EPS

€20.39

(+12.8% vs. 31 Dec 2024)

EPRA NTA per share

€2.0b

(€2.2bn as at 31 Dec 2024)

Liquidity

Operational highlights

93%

(93% as at 31 Dec 2024)

Occupancy

6.1 yrs

(6.4 years as at 31 Dec 2024)

WAULT

14.1%

(14.5% as at 31 Dec 2024)

Reversionary potential

4.5%

(4.0% in FY-2024)

Like-for-like rental growth¹

2.0m sqm

(1.8 m sqm as at 31 Dec 2024)

Under construction

10.4%

(10.1% as at 31 Dec 2024)

YoC of projects delivered

1. The like-for-like gross rental growth compares the growth of the gross rental income of the portfolio that has been consistently in operation (not under development) during the two preceding periods that are described

CTP: Pan-European platform, CEE market leader, global ambition

- Core Markets
- Growth Markets
- Western European Markets



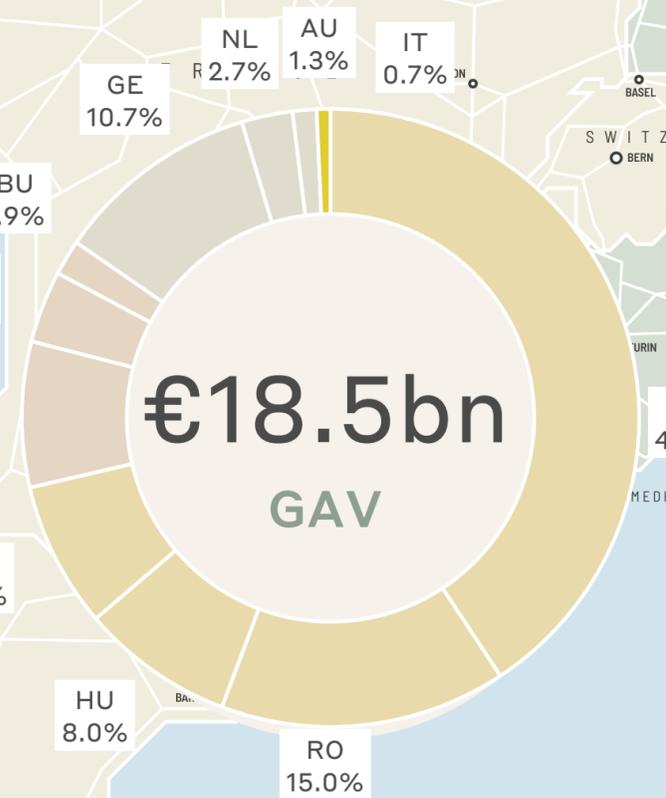
14.6M
sqm GLA

2.0M
sqm GLA under construction

33.8M
sqm landbank

154MW_p
Installed PV

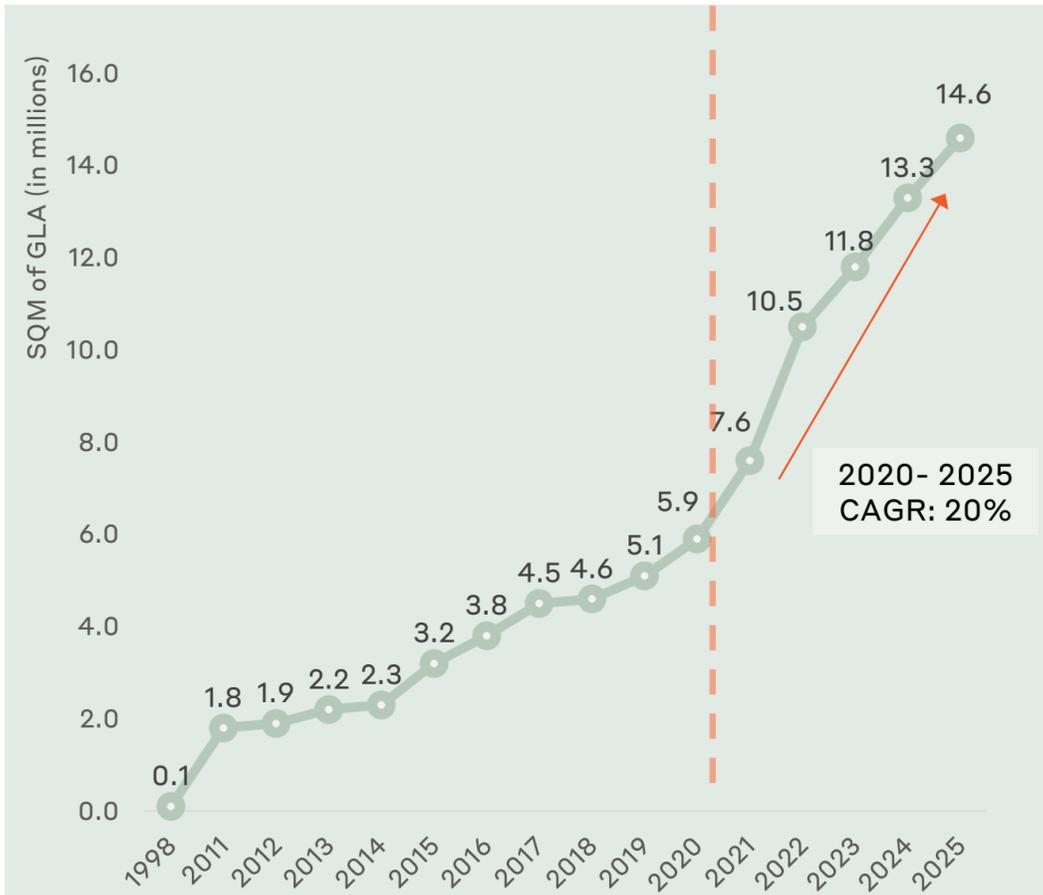
Portfolio Value by Country (%)



NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Accelerated growth since IPO in March 2021

IPO
03/2021



+147%

Growth in GLA
from 5.9 million sqm to
14.6 million sqm

+168%

Growth in Landbank
from 12.6 million sqm to
33.8 million sqm

+214%

**growth in Investment
Property**
from €5.8 to €18.2 billion

+178%

**growth in annualized
rental income**
from €302 to €840 million

+145%

**growth in EPRA NTA
per share**
from €8.32 to €20.39

+93%

**growth in Company Specific
Adjusted EPRA EPS**
from €0.44 to €0.85

Entered new markets including Germany, Poland, Austria, The Netherlands and Italy

Proven build-to-own business delivers growth opportunities from embedded client base

Operator



€1 billion
annualised rental income
by 2027

Developer



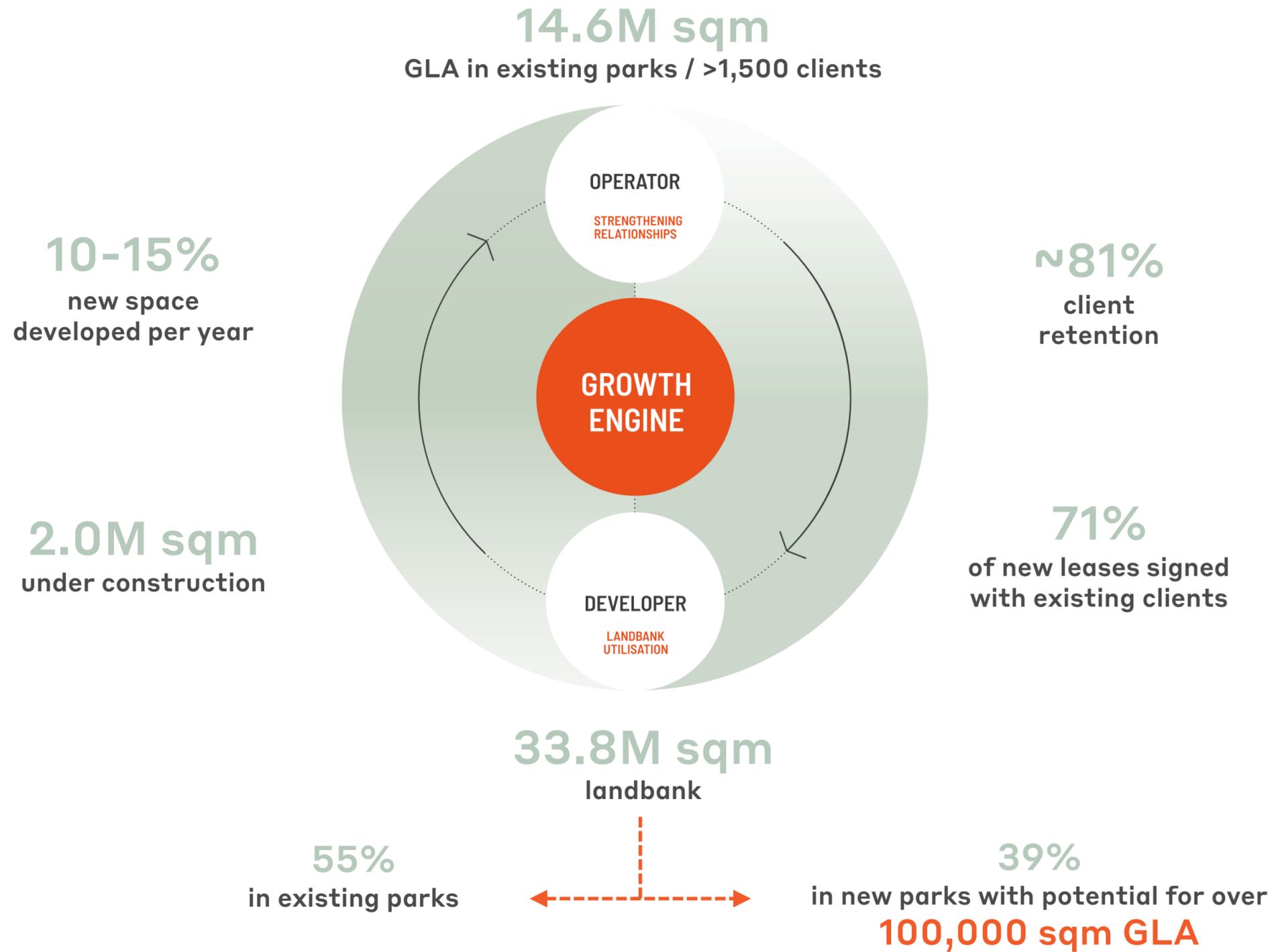
33.8 million sqm
of land with potential development
profit to come of
> €7 billion

Growth engine



Leveraging
>1,500 clients
CTP Growth Engine driving
expansion into new markets
and product innovation

Integrated & derisked business model: Double-digit NTA growth p.a



Strong and consistent development track record

Expected YoC Projects under construction

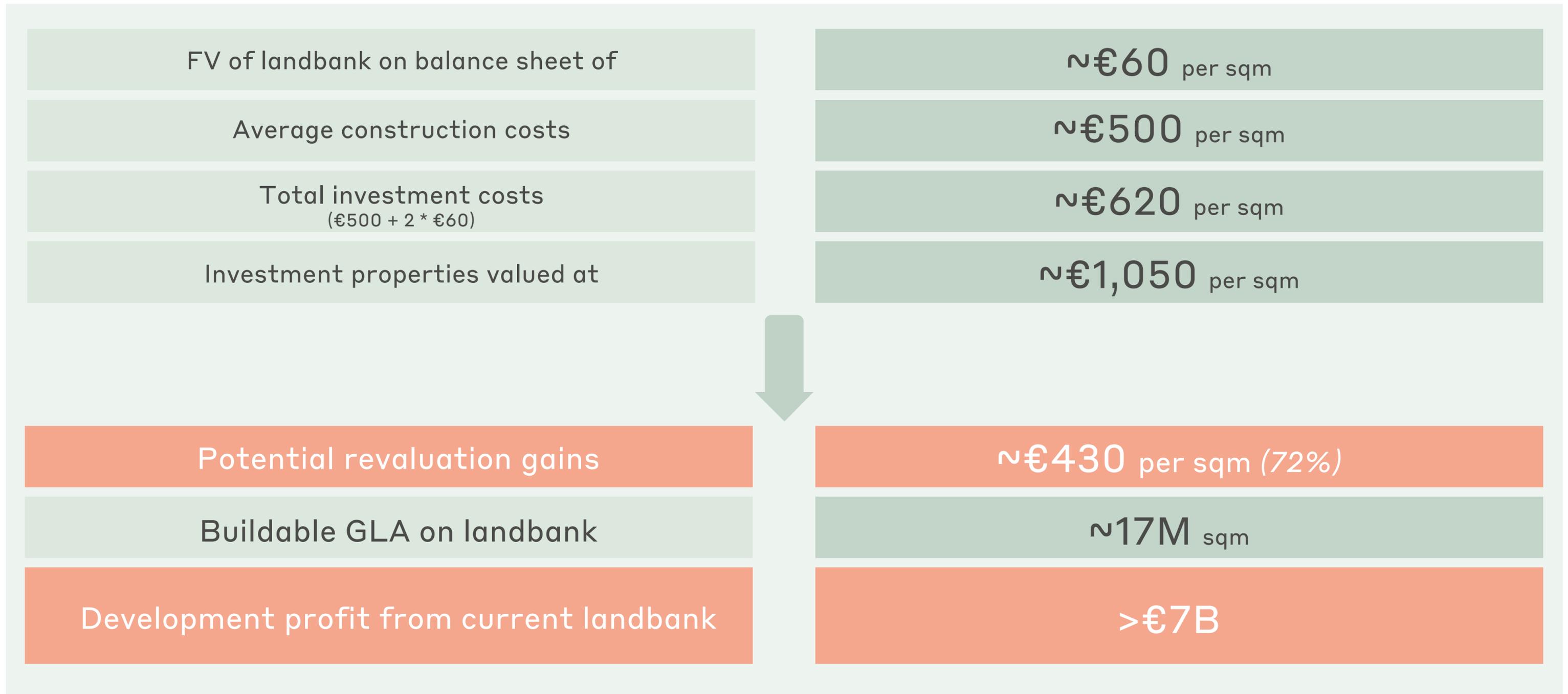


Pre-let at delivery



NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Unlocking the landbank value through profitable development



Strong leasing demand in 2025 with increasing monthly rent

Leases signed by sqm	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY
2023	297,000	552,000	585,000	542,000	1,976,000
2024	336,000	582,000	577,000	618,000	2,113,000
2025	416,000	599,000	562,000	748,000 ¹	2,325,000

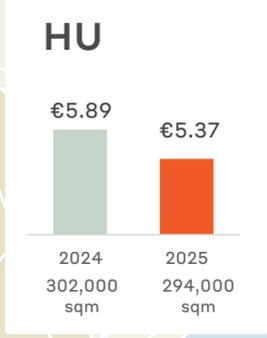
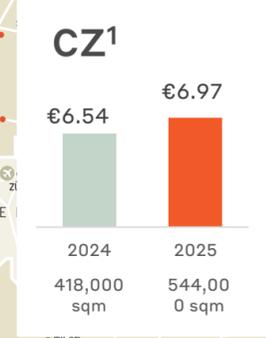
+10%
 2025 YoY increase in sqm of leases signed

Average monthly rent leases signed by sqm (€)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY
2023	5.31	5.56	5.77	5.81	5.69
2024	5.65	5.55	5.69	5.79	5.68
2025	6.17	5.91	5.64	5.70	5.81

+4%
 2025 YoY increase in average monthly rent signed adjusted for country mix

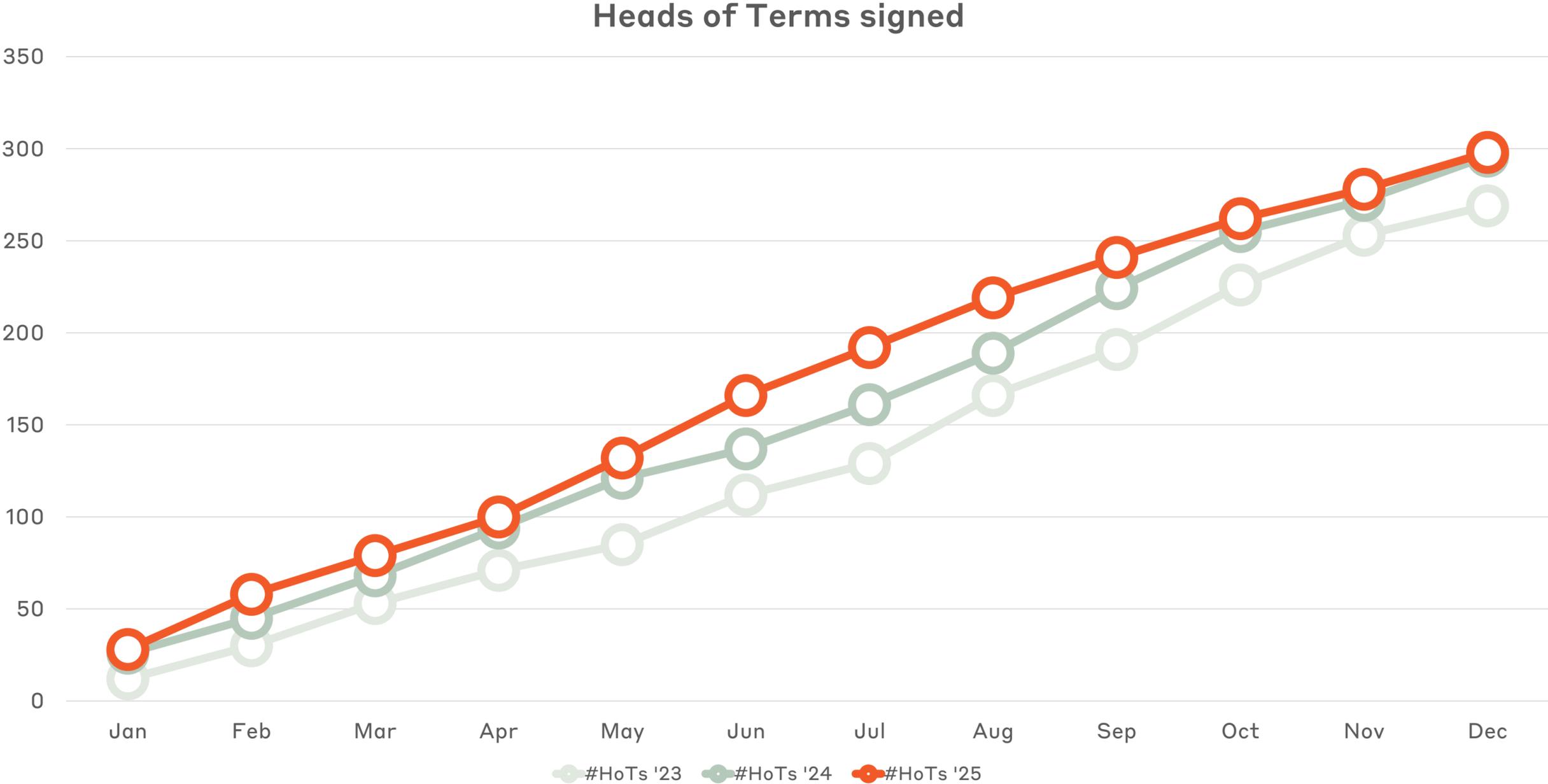
1) include Q4-2025 Italy acquisition
 NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Rent levels of new leases signed in 2025 were 4% higher than 2024 (Adj. for country mix)



1) Increase in CZ from 2024 to 2025 is excluding office leases, while the overall 4% growth includes office leases
 NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding
 Excluding Austria due to lack of comparable periods

Continued strong Heads of Terms activity reflects solid future demand

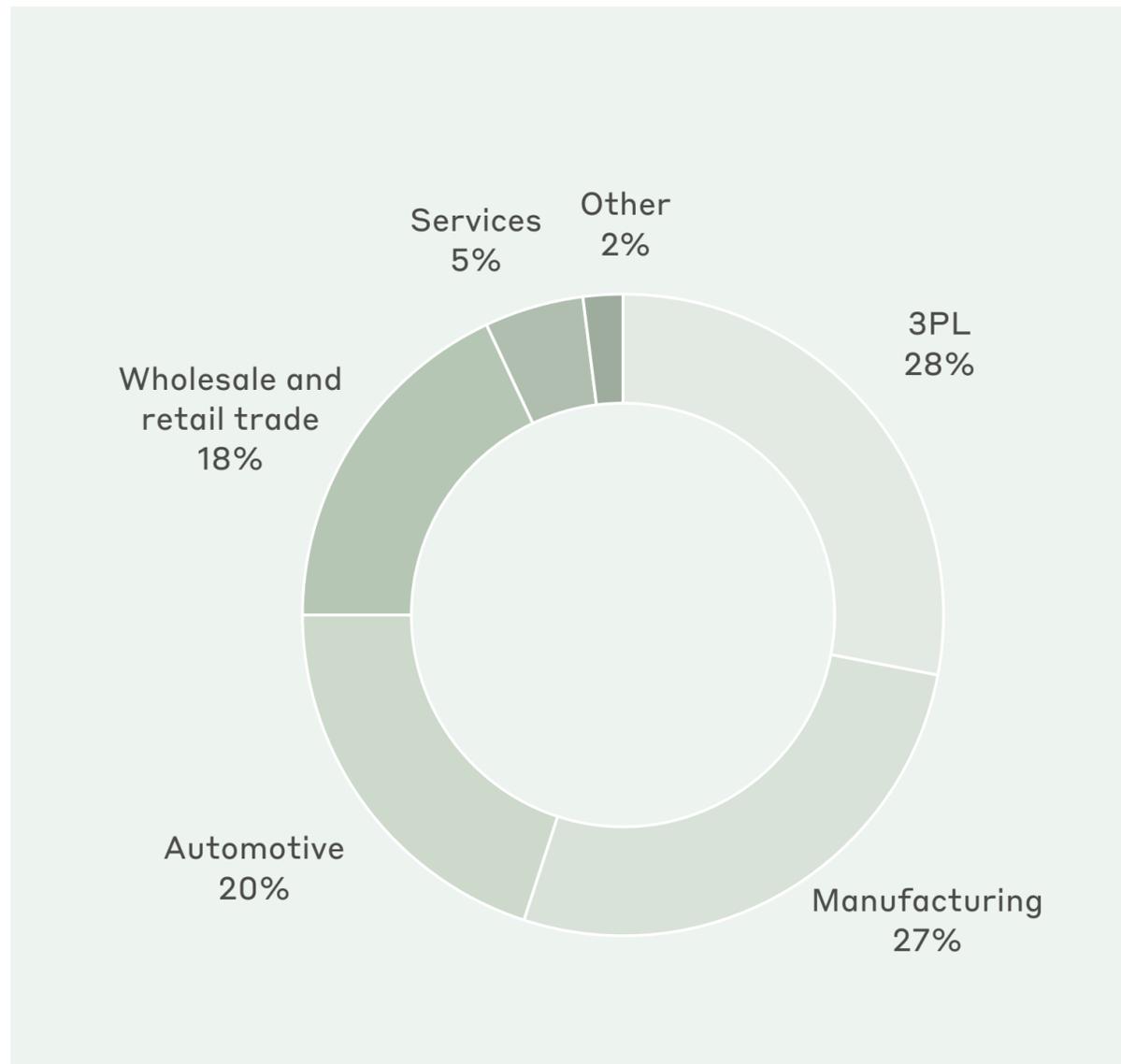


NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Supply chain professionalization and domestic consumption growth drive expansion in CTP's portfolio

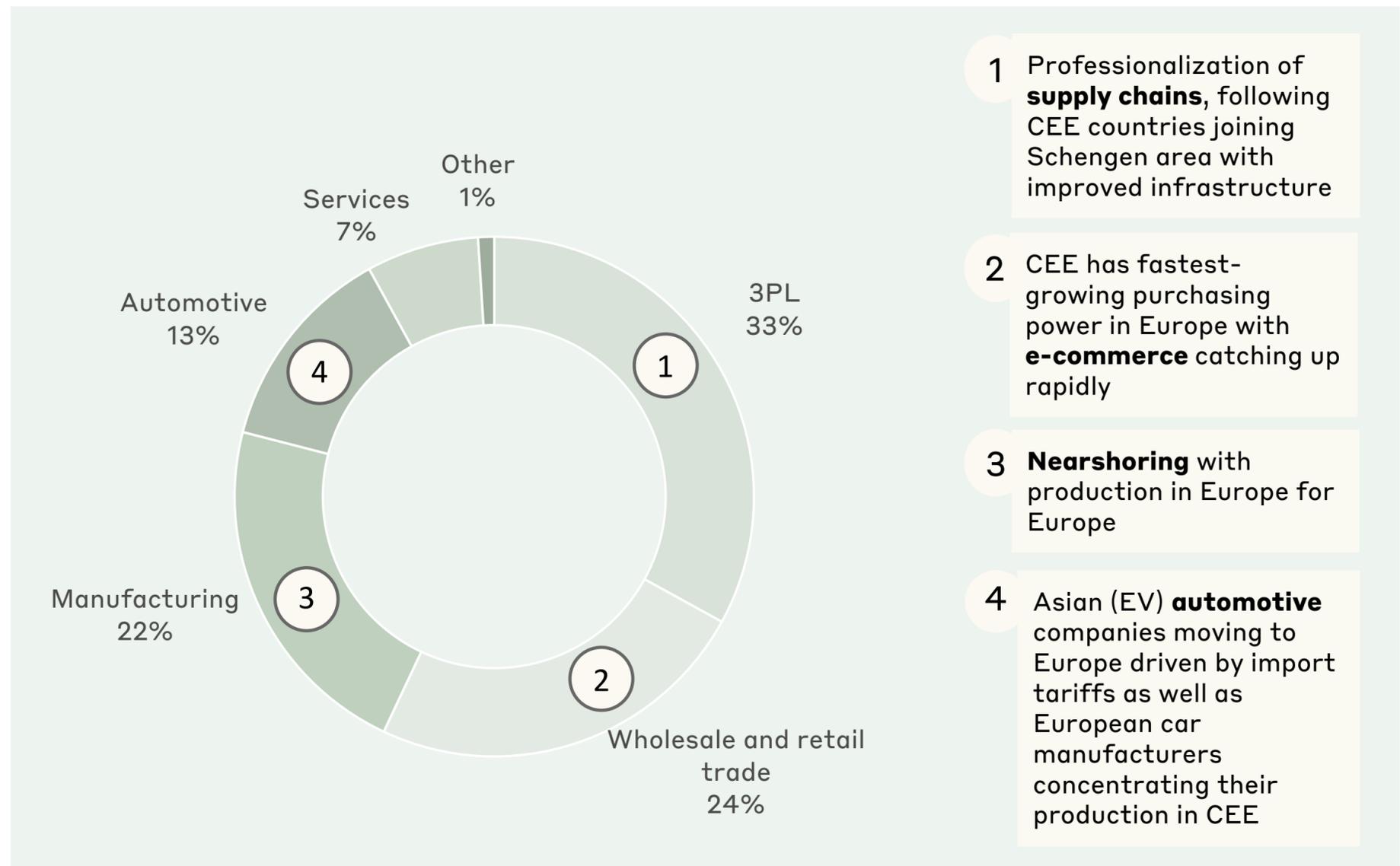
Portfolio December 2025

GLA split by industry (%)



Leases signed in the last 24 months

GLA split by industry (%)

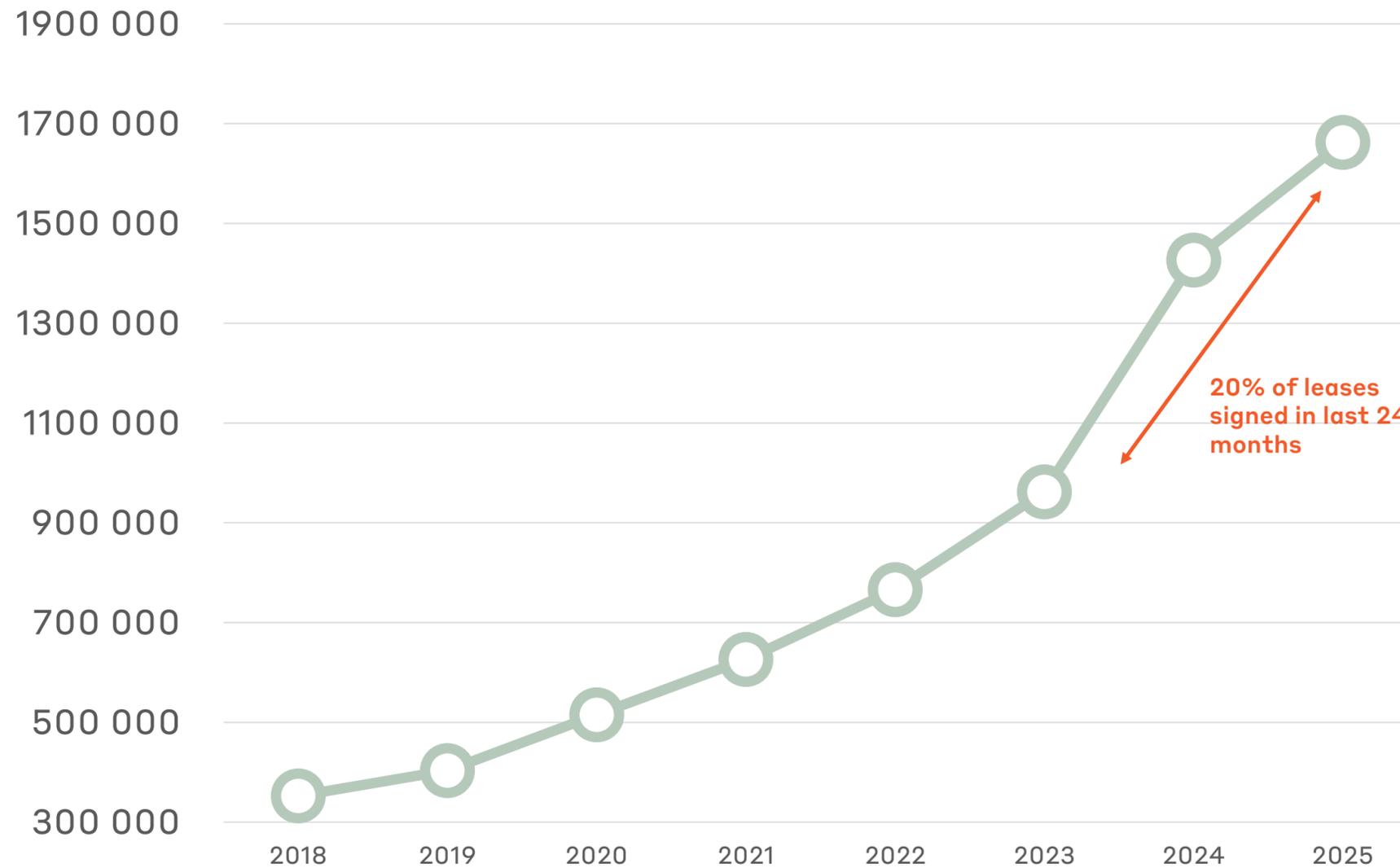


- 1 Professionalization of **supply chains**, following CEE countries joining Schengen area with improved infrastructure
- 2 CEE has fastest-growing purchasing power in Europe with **e-commerce** catching up rapidly
- 3 **Nearshoring** with production in Europe for Europe
- 4 Asian (EV) **automotive** companies moving to Europe driven by import tariffs as well as European car manufacturers concentrating their production in CEE

NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Over 13% of portfolio leased to Asian clients producing in Europe for Europe – and 20% of new leasing in last 24 months

GLA sqm of Asian tenants



Structural trends revealed through leasing activity across markets

Nearshoring

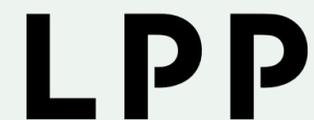
Manufacturing in Europe for Europe in the business-smart CEE region



- Chinese contract furniture manufacturer signs expansion lease during 2025, increasing footprint in CTPark Belgrade West in Serbia to ~94,000 sqm

Rising disposable incomes

Supply chain professionalisation leveraging improved infrastructure in CEE



- Polish fashion wholesaler expands its footprint with regional distribution centre to meet growing demand in Southeast Europe
- 215,000 sqm leased in CTPark Bucharest West

E-commerce growth

E-retailers require innovative solutions to last mile delivery



- Fast-growing Dutch online supermarket Crisp took 13,000 sqm of warehouse space
- Logistics, production, and quality control for ready-made meal under one roof, in CTPark Amsterdam City

High-tech industry

High-tech companies deepen activity across Europe



- Brno proves to be excellent environment for high-tech production
- Taiwanese electronics manufacturer started with CTP 2019; expanded to new facility in 2025

Strong and diversified international client base

Low operational and financial risk

36.0%

Top 50 as a % of portfolio GLA

33.1%

Top 50 as a % of Rental Income

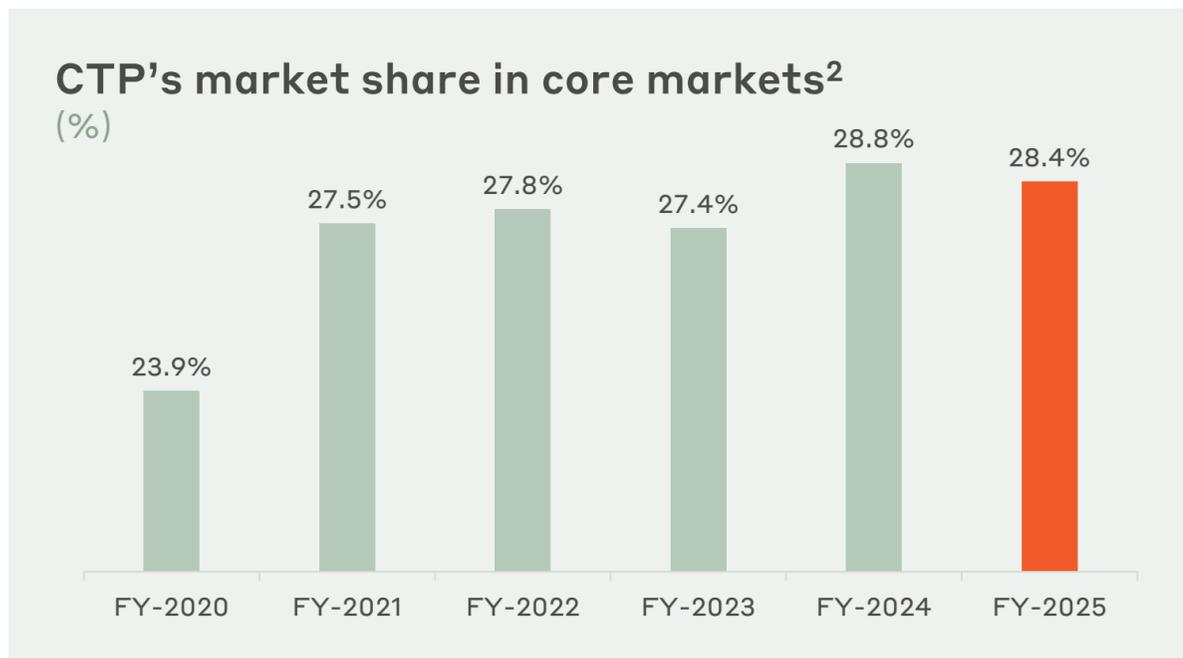
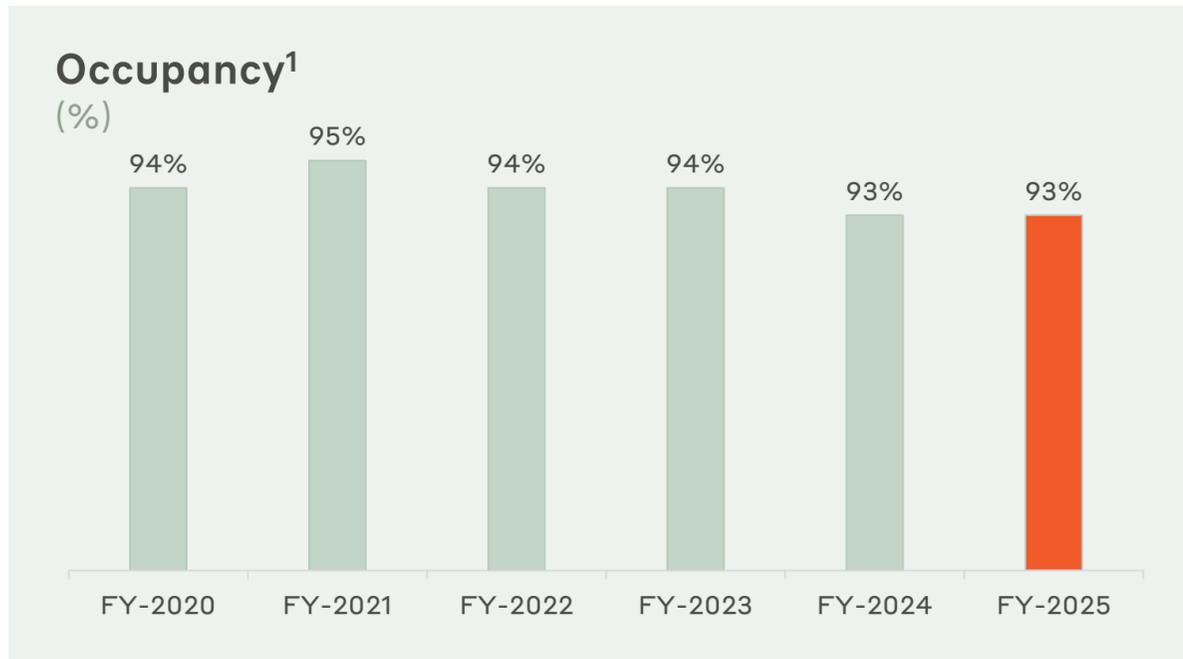
Top 50 Clients

GLA split by industry (%)



NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Organic growth driven by CTP's long-lasting tenant relations



81%
Tenant retention

71%
New leases signed with existing clients

4.5%
Like-for-like rental growth³

73%
CPI linked contracts⁴

1. Including Germany from 2022 onwards.
 2. Core Markets are defined as the Czech Republic, Romania, Slovakia & Hungary
 3. The like-for-like gross rental growth compares the growth of the gross rental income of the portfolio that has been consistently in operation (not under development) during the two preceding periods that are described
 4. Contracts with a double indexation clause, with indexation being the higher of i) a fixed increase of 1.5%–2.5% a year; or ii) the Consumer Price Index.

Deliveries in 2025 at 10.4% YoC (target > 10%) 88% leased

1,325,000
sqm delivered

88%
Leased at delivery

€90.5m
Contracted rental income

10.4%
YoC

95%
In existing parks or in new parks with
>100k sqm potential



Next growth phase locked in by projects under development

1,968,000

sqm under construction

10.0%

Expected YoC

80-90%

Expected pre-let at delivery

77%

In existing parks

10%

In new parks with
>100k sqm potential

30%*

Pre-let 2026 deliveries
(35% - 2024)

*Pre-let in New locations: 62%
Pre-let in Existing locations: 23%

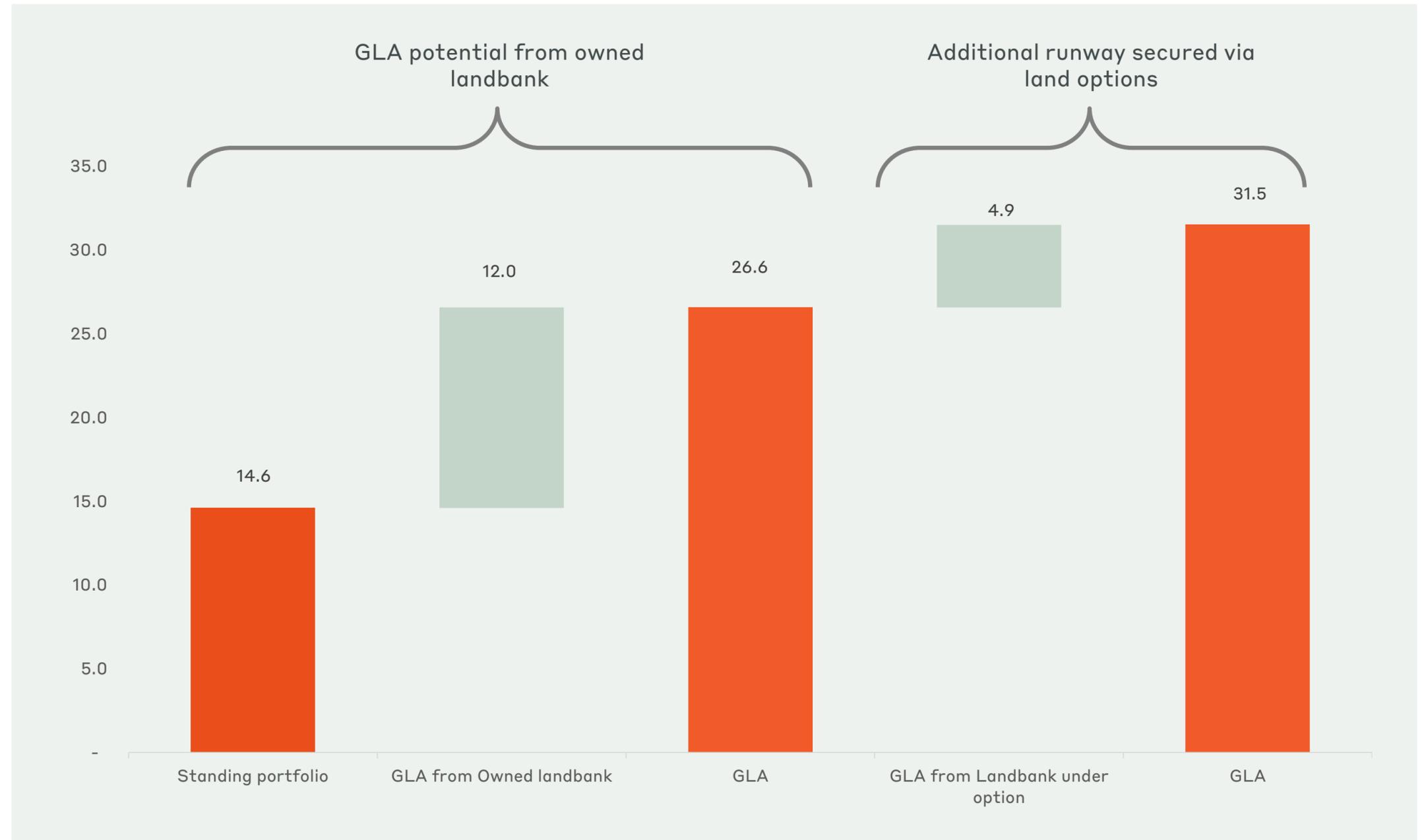
€152m

Potential rental income

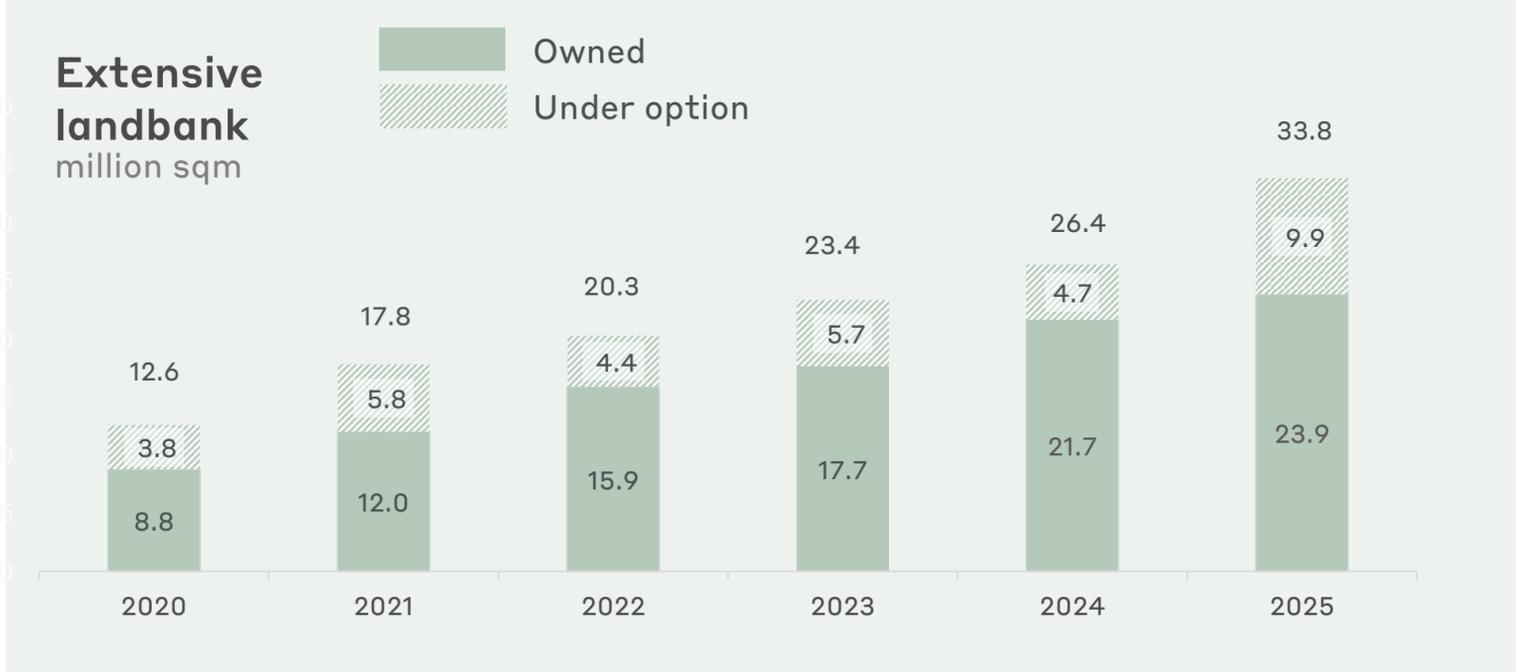
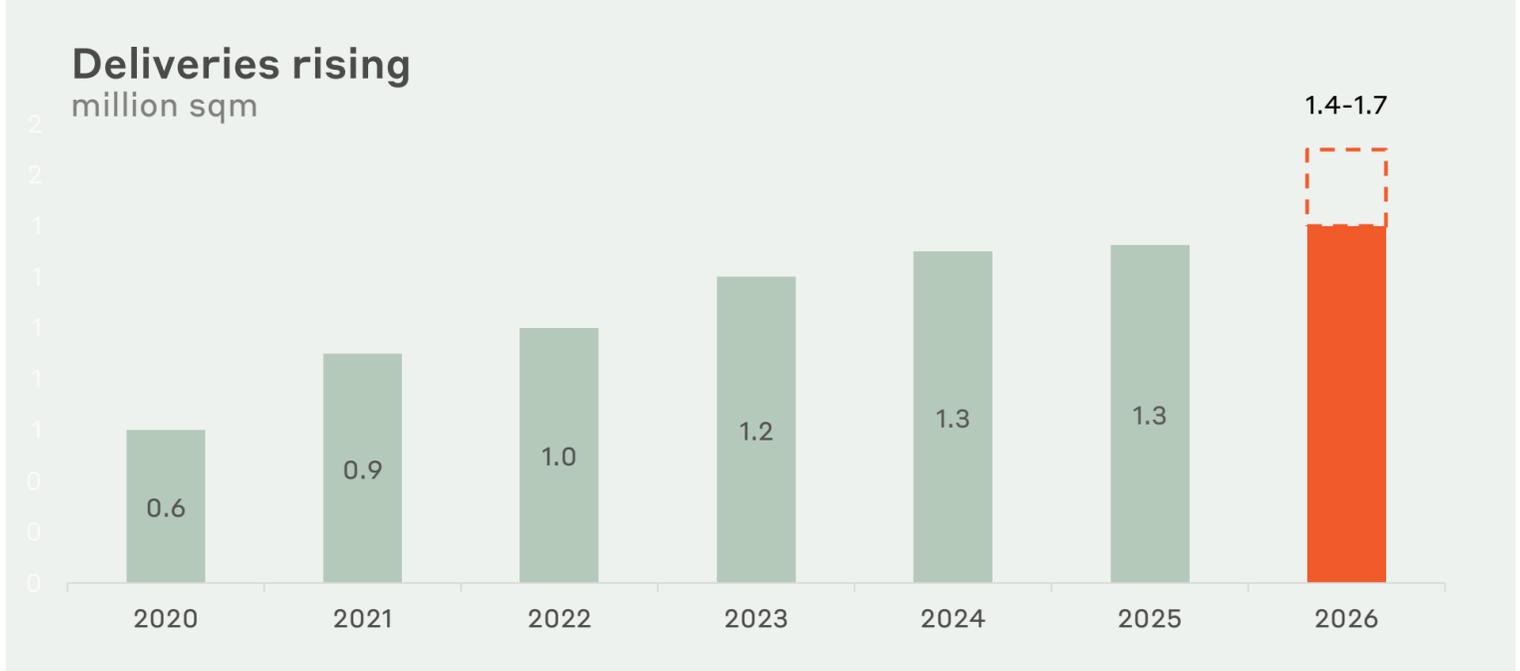
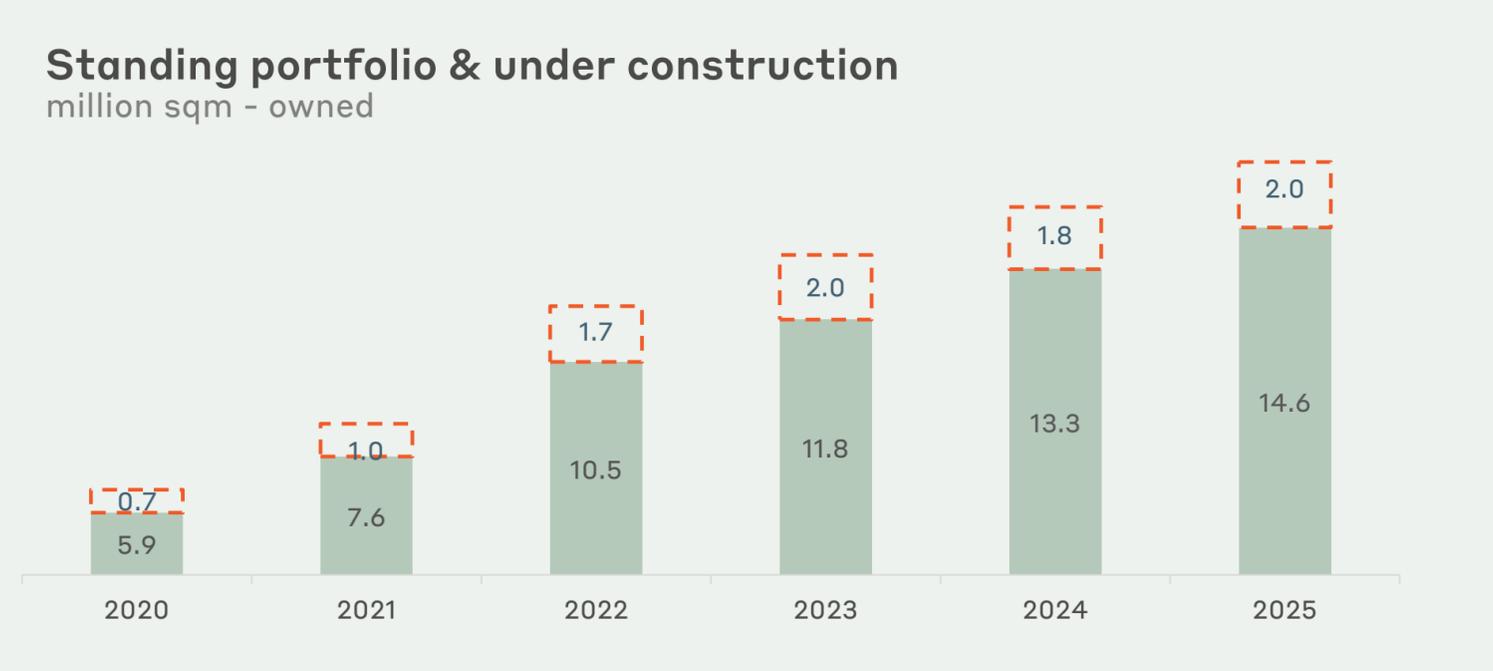
175,000 sqm signed for future projects prior to construction start,
illustrating ongoing healthy occupier market

Landbank offers opportunity to more than double portfolio to over 30 million square meters

- 2:1 build-up ratio allows to double GLA from current landbank
- Constant global screening for new acquisition opportunities with focus on Germany, Poland, Italy and Vietnam



Long history of development led growth



Financial results

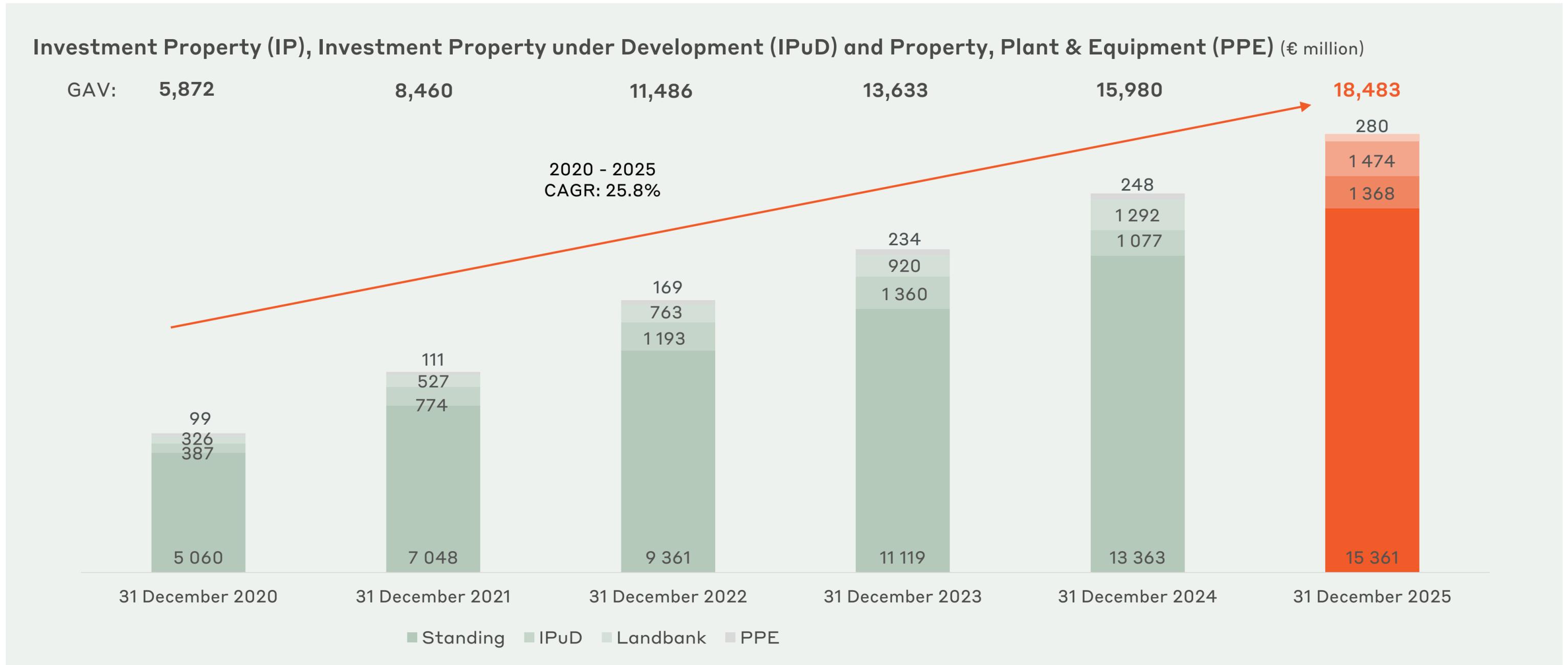


Financial highlights

In € million	FY-2025	FY-2024	% change	Q4-2025	Q4-2024	% change
Gross Rental Income	759.8	664.1	+14.4%	197.8	175.7	+12.6%
Net Rental Income	738.0	646.8	+14.1%	189.1	170.9	+10.6%
Net valuation result on investment property	1,139.9	941.5	+21.1%	338.3	337.4	+0.3%
Profit for the period	1,081.8	1,081.4	+0.0%	218.9	344.3	-36.4%
Company specific adjusted EPRA earnings	405.0	364.0	+11.3%	99.8	94.2	+6.0%
In €	FY-2025	FY-2024	% change	Q4-2025	Q4-2024	% change
Company specific adjusted EPRA EPS	0.85	0.80	+6.3%	0.21	0.20	+3.5%

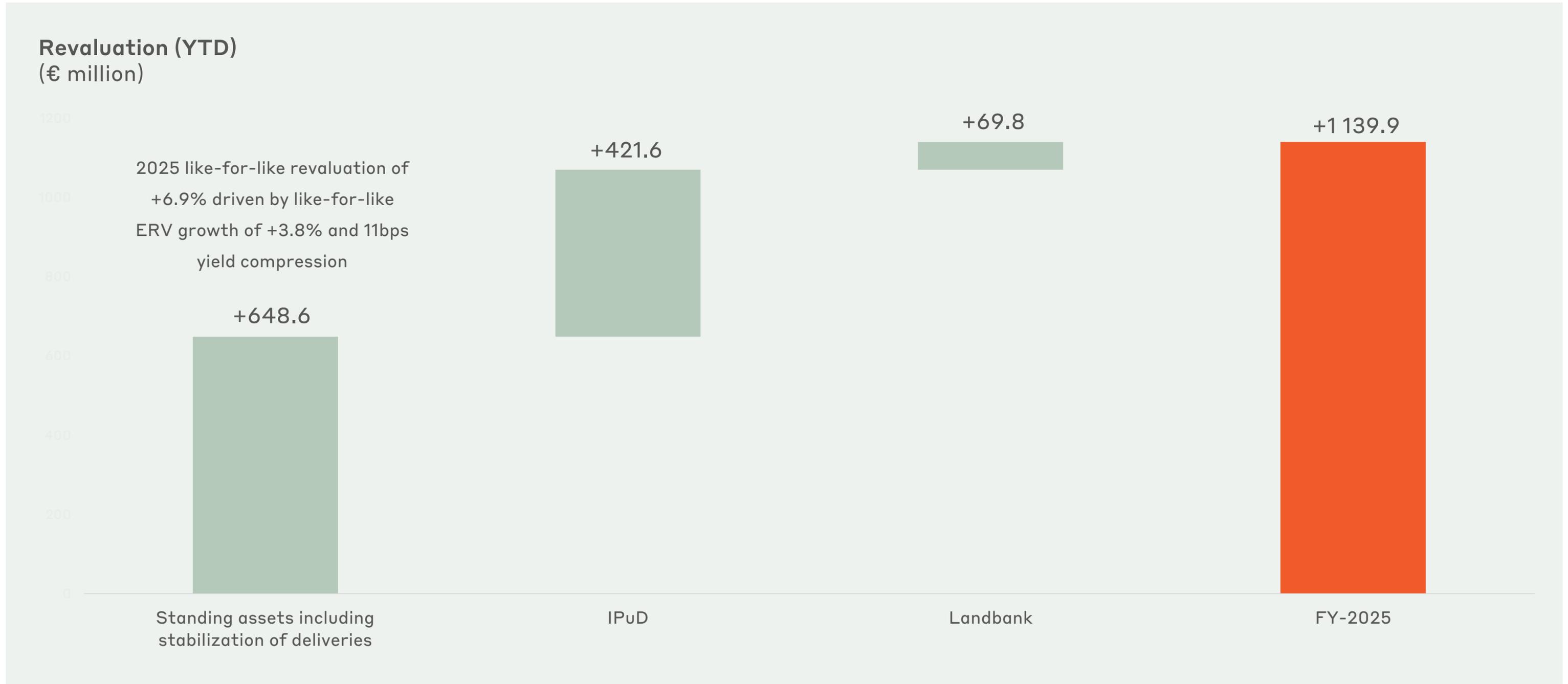
In € million	31 Dec. 2025	31 Dec. 2024	% change
Investment Property	16,835.1	14,655.3	+14.9%
Investment Property under Development	1,368.1	1,076.8	+27.1%
	31 Dec. 2025	31 Dec. 2024	% change
EPRA NTA per share	€20.39	€18.08	+12.8%
Expected YoC of projects under construction	10.0%	10.3%	
LTV	46.1%	45.3%	

Gross Asset Value up 15.7% y-o-y



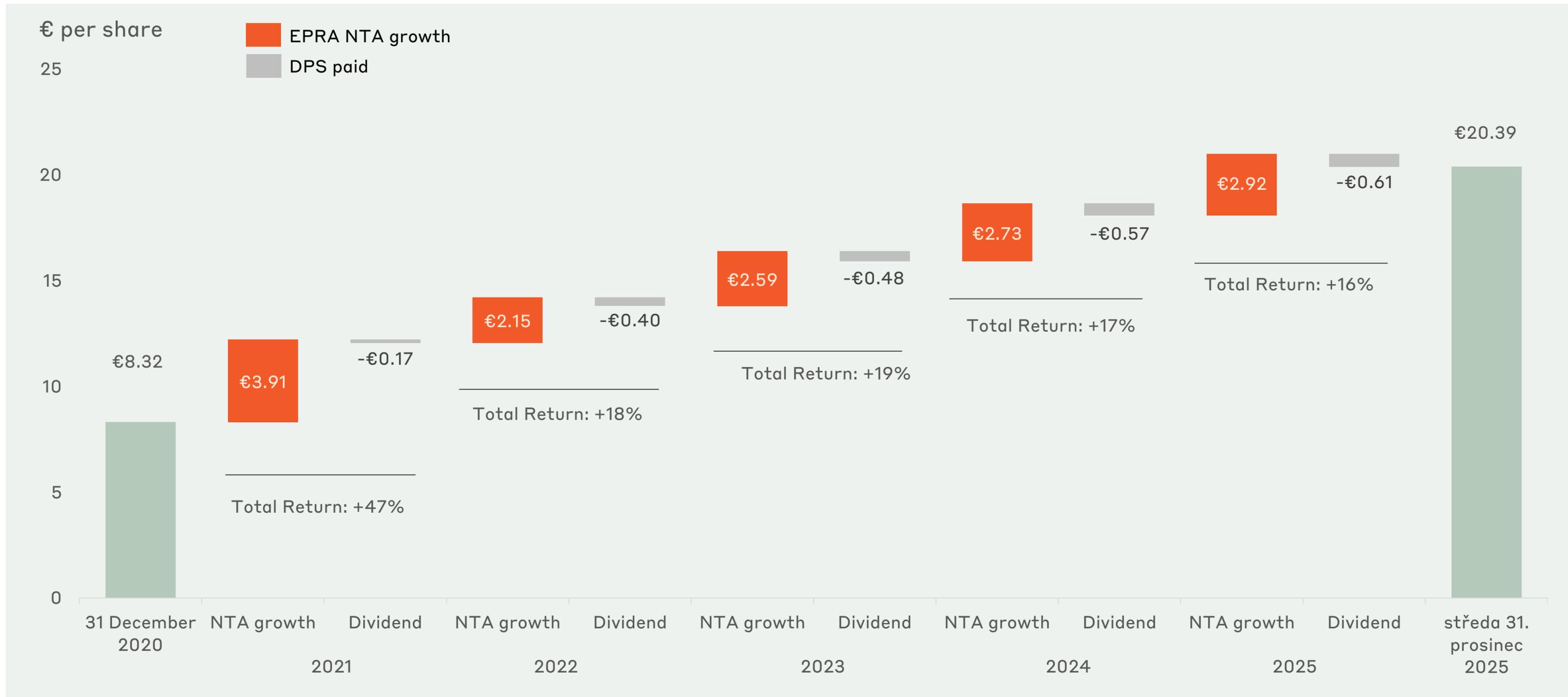
NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Rental growth, yield compression and developments drive valuation results



NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Attractive double-digit total return



NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Conservative valuation yields

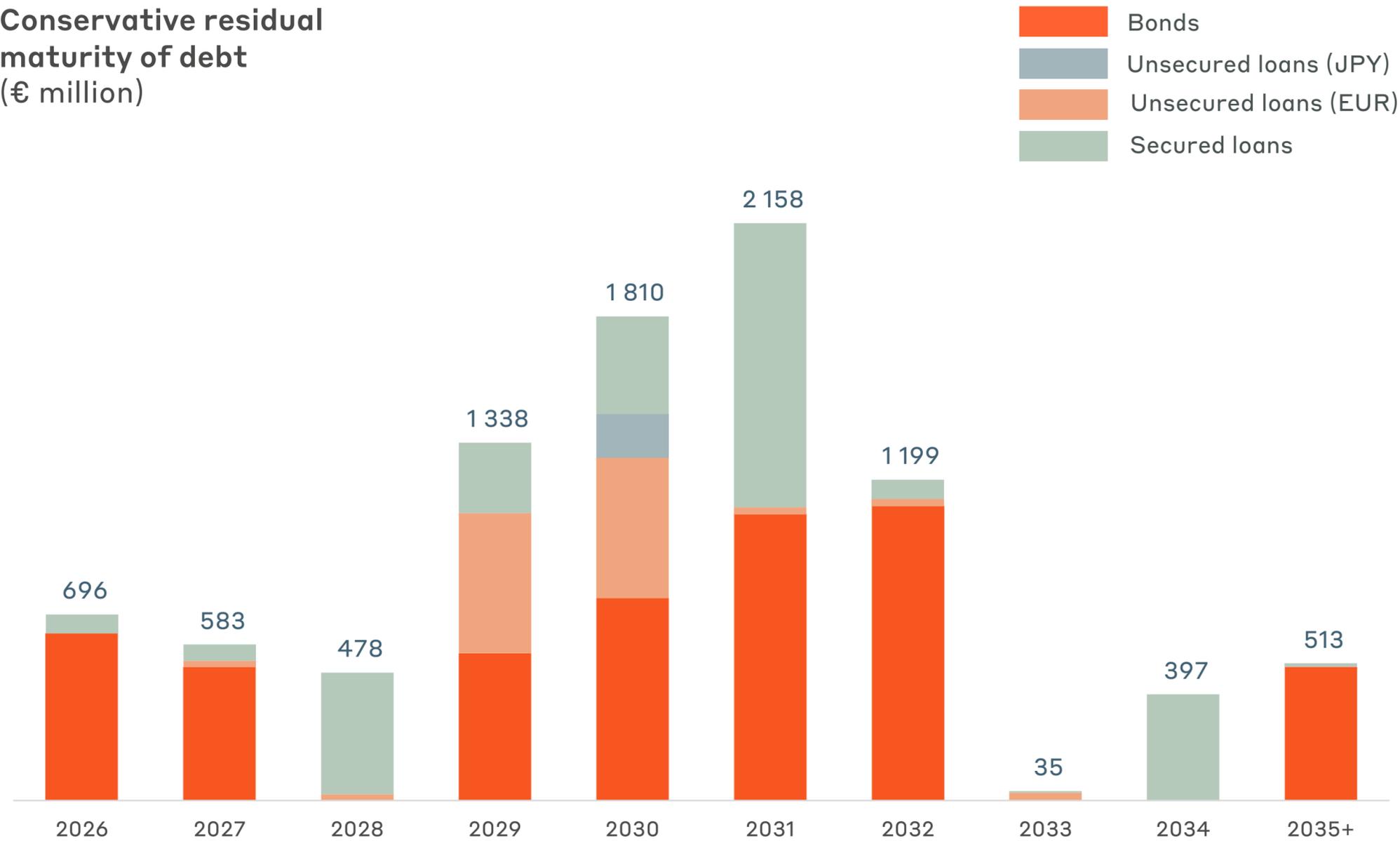
	FY-2025	FY-2024	FY-2023	FY-2022
Gross Portfolio yield	6.5%	6.6%	6.7%	6.5%
	FY-2025	FY-2024	FY-2023	FY-2022
Reversionary yield	6.9%	7.1%	7.2%	6.8%
Czech Republic	6.2%	6.4%	6.6%	6.1%
Slovakia	6.1%	6.9%	7.1%	6.1%
Romania	8.3%	8.2%	8.0%	7.7%
Hungary	7.2%	7.4%	7.4%	6.7%
Poland	6.3%	6.4%	6.5%	5.4%
Serbia	8.7%	8.8%	9.0%	9.1%
Bulgaria	7.9%	8.0%	8.3%	8.2%
Austria	5.7%	6.2%	5.5%	5.7%
Netherlands	5.7%	5.6%	5.5%	8.9%
Germany	8.0%	8.6%	8.7%	8.7%
Italy	6.2%	n/a	n/a	n/a

- Reversionary yield¹ compressed by 20bps in 2025, while the ERV on a like-for-like basis grew by 3.8%, resulting in total like-for-like valuation growth of 6.9%.
- Yield differential between CEE and Western European logistics yield back to long term average
 - Expected to come down further, driven by the higher growth expectations for CEE region

1. $\text{Reversionary Yield} = \text{ERV} / \text{IFRS market value}$
 NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Favourable maturity profile reflects active liquidity management

Conservative residual maturity of debt (€ million)



3.3%

Average cost of debt

99.9%

Hedged / fixed

4.8 yrs

Average debt maturity

Strong liquidity position and ample headroom to covenants

€2.0b

Liquidity

9.3x

Normalized Net Debt to EBITDA

70%

Unsecured debt

46.1%

LTV

CREDIT RATINGS

BBB

(stable)

S&P

Baa3

(positive)

Moody's

A-

(stable)

JCR

	31 December 2025	Covenant
Secured Debt Test	13.7%	40%
Unencumbered Asset Test	187.3%	125%
Interest Cover Ratio	2.5x	1.5x



LTV target between 40-45%
Normalized Net Debt to EBITDA <10x

Proven good access to credit markets with €2.4 billion raised in 2025

Green Bond March 2025

- €1 billion dual-tranche
- 6-year at MS +145 bps with Coupon 3.625%
- 10-year at MS +188 bps with Coupon 4.250%

Samurai Loan Facility March 2025

- JPY 30 billion (€185 million equivalent)
- 5-year at TONAR +130bps
- Syndicate of 13 Asian banks

Unsecured Term Loan Facility June 2025

- EUR 500 million
- 5-year at fixed all-in cost of 3.7%
- Syndicate of 13 European and Asian banks

Green Bond October 2025

- €600 million
- 6.5-year at MS +118 bps
- Coupon 3.625%

- €288 million of secured bank loans repriced in 2025
- €609 million of relatively more expensive term loans prepaid in 2025
- Most debt repricing done and low-interest rate bonds issued before March 2022 comprise only 24% of the total debt

Guidance

Guidance 2026

€1.01-€1.03

2026 Company specific adjusted EPRA EPS +9-11% vs. 2025 (incl. capitalization of development interest costs)

Progressive dividend

Dividend per share



Dividend policy¹

70% - 80%

pay-out of Company specific adjusted EPRA EPS

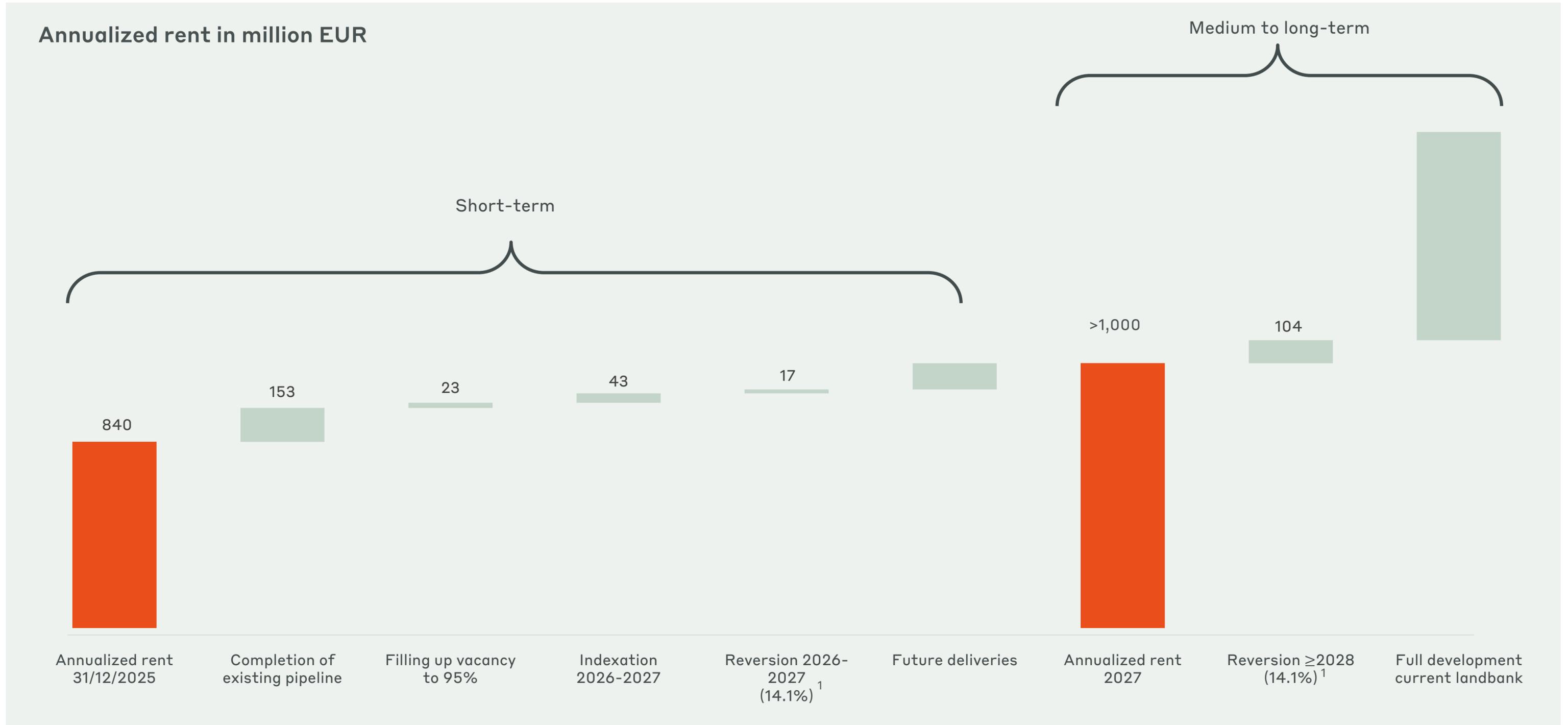
1. Default dividend is scrip with option to receive cash

Impact of interest cost capitalisation on EPS¹



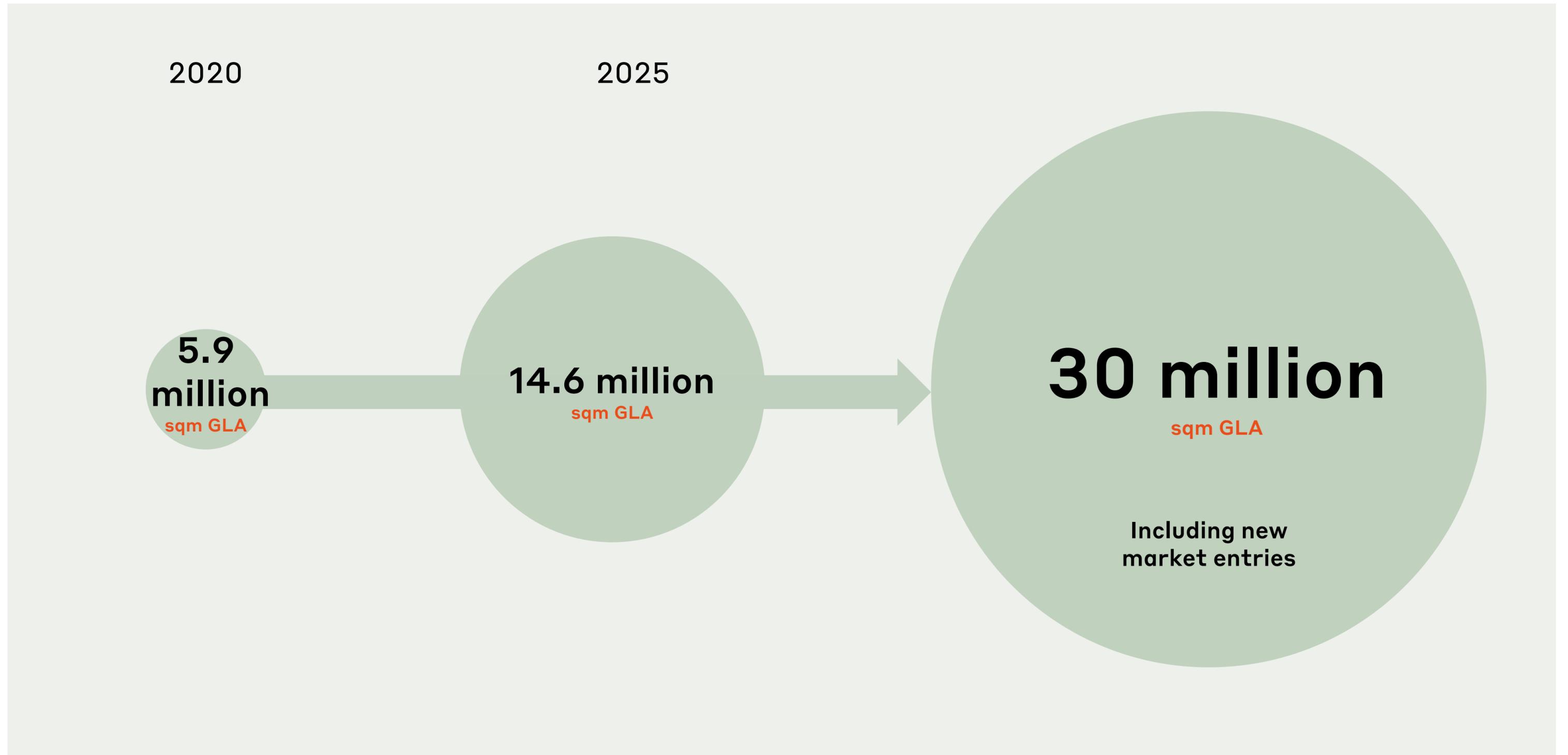
- Commencing capitalisation of interest costs (at average cost of debt of 3.3%) on developments from 2026 to align with market practice
- Facilitates easier comparison of earnings for relevant market participants
- Moderate headwind to EPS expected in 2026 related to refinancing of remaining low coupon bonds

Long-term potential



1. No ERV growth assumed, only reversion to current ERVs
 NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

30 million square metres ambition



Investment case outlook

- Leasing dynamics remains solid, with robust occupier demand, and decreasing new supply supporting ongoing rental growth
- The Group's pipeline is highly profitable with a YoC target of >10% and delivers tenant led growth. The YoC for CTP's current pipeline remains at industry leading 10.0%
- Next stage of growth built in and financed, with 2.0 million sqm under construction as at 31 December 2025 and the target to deliver between 1.4-1.7 million sqm in 2026
- CTP's robust capital structure, disciplined financial policy, strong credit market access, industry leading landbank, in-house construction expertise and deep tenant relationships allow CTP to deliver on its targets

CTP is well positioned to:

- **Generate double digit NTA growth p.a in the years to come, driven by development completions;**
- **Reach €1 billion of rental income in 2027; and**
- **Continue to grow towards our ambition of 30 million sqm of GLA**

Save the Date: 2026 Capital Markets Day

Warsaw, Poland

22-23 September



Appendices



Share price outperformance since IPO



Top 20 Parks

The Top 20 parks represent the core of the CTPark Network. They are thriving business communities, with a dynamic mix of clients from a broad range of industries.

40%

GLA of our portfolio

2.9m sqm

development opportunity



○ Bucharest West

GLA: 926,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 1,680,000 sqm
Under construction: 187,000 sqm
 On A1 at 23 km; western gateway logistics park
Tenants: 30
 Kühne Nagel, Network One Distribution, Quehenberger, Maersk, DSV, Adhold



○ Bor

GLA: 643,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 675,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 15 km to Germany; ideal for cross-border logistics
Tenants: 25
 Loxness, Primark, GXO, TD Synnex, Hellmann Worldwide



○ Brno

GLA: 600,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 500,000 sqm
Under construction: 18,000 sqm
 Technology Park
Tenants: 64
 Astemo, Wistron, Kompan, Thermo Fischer Scientific, Honeywell, Adem



○ Bucharest

GLA: 574,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 270,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 13 km to city centre; last-mile city logistics park
Tenants: 110
 DSV, Pepsi, IRON Mountain, Yusen Logistics, Delamode, FM Logistic



○ Ostrava

GLA: 389,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 6,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 10 km to city centre; ideal for any business type
Tenants: 85
 Brembo, ITT Holdings, Hyundai, Grupo Antolin, Škoda Auto, ASUS



○ Budapest West

GLA: 339,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 117,000 sqm
Under construction: sqm
 Near the largest ring road and west. motorway junction
Tenants: 50
 Aldi, Quehenberger, Nxt Logis, Teqball, Rohlík, Hisense



○ Bucharest North

GLA: 229,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 30,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 Direct ring-road connection, ideal for e-commerce, production, or logistics
Tenants: 36
 Maison Mex, Tuborg, Rohlík, Pet Factory, Finestore Distribution



○ Budapest East

GLA: 212,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 3,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 5 min from the int'l airport on the ring road; ideal for logistics and e-commerce
Tenants: 21
 Lenovo, Euronics, DHL, Orbico



○ Modřice

GLA: 209,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 28,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 5 min to Brno city centre on main highway to Vienna
Tenants: 27
 DHL, IFE, IMI International, Kollmorgen, Megatech, Mergon



○ Trnava South

GLA: 184,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 914,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 Adjacent to PSA automotive plant, on main highway connecting HU, SK, CZ, PL
Tenants: 18
 Forvia, CEVA Logistics, Meta System, Martur C&A

Top 20 Parks

The Top 20 parks represent the core of the CTPark Network. They are thriving business communities, with a dynamic mix of clients from a broad range of industries.

40%

GLA of our portfolio

2.9m sqm

development opportunity



○ Warsaw West

GLA: 178,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 177,000 sqm
Under construction: 33,000 sqm
 Set between urban centres Warsaw and Łódź with direct A2 highway access

Tenants: 3
 Raben, H&M, NETIA SA



○ Žatec

GLA: 165,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 81,000 sqm
Under construction: 57,000 sqm
 30 km from DE border in designated industrial zone

Tenants: 7
 Grammer, Nexen Tire, Fiege, ZF Friedrichshafen



○ Hranice

GLA: 165,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 106,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 Strategic in low-cost region with strong manufacturing tradition
Tenants: 20
 Henniges Automotive, Medi-Globe, CIE Automotive, Smiths Medical, DAS



○ Námestovo

GLA: 160,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 17,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 Production area with qualified workforce near PL border
Tenants: 30
 Yanfeng, Incap Electronics, Mahle, Visteon Electronics, Wamp, TFC Cable



○ Warsaw South

GLA: 147,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 17,000 sqm
Under construction: 39,000 sqm
 Large inner-city location only 10 km to city centre and airport
Tenants: 6
 Douglas, Fiege, TAS Logistyka, IPOS



○ Timișoara

GLA: 145,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 440,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 University town with excellent accessibility to Western markets near HU/RO border
Tenants: 20
 Kyocera, Cargo-Partner, Ursus Breweries, Quehenberger, BCS Automotive



○ Belgrade West

GLA: 144,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 393,000 sqm
Under construction: - 22,000 sqm
Tenants: 6
 Milšped, Bosch, JPAI Home, Phoenix Pharma, Sika



○ Timișoara North

GLA: 141,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 260,000 sqm
Under construction: - sqm
 Large inner-city location only 10 km to city centre and airport
Tenants: 10
 HEXING, Valeo, Continental, DS Smith Packaging, Litens Automotive



○ Bratislava

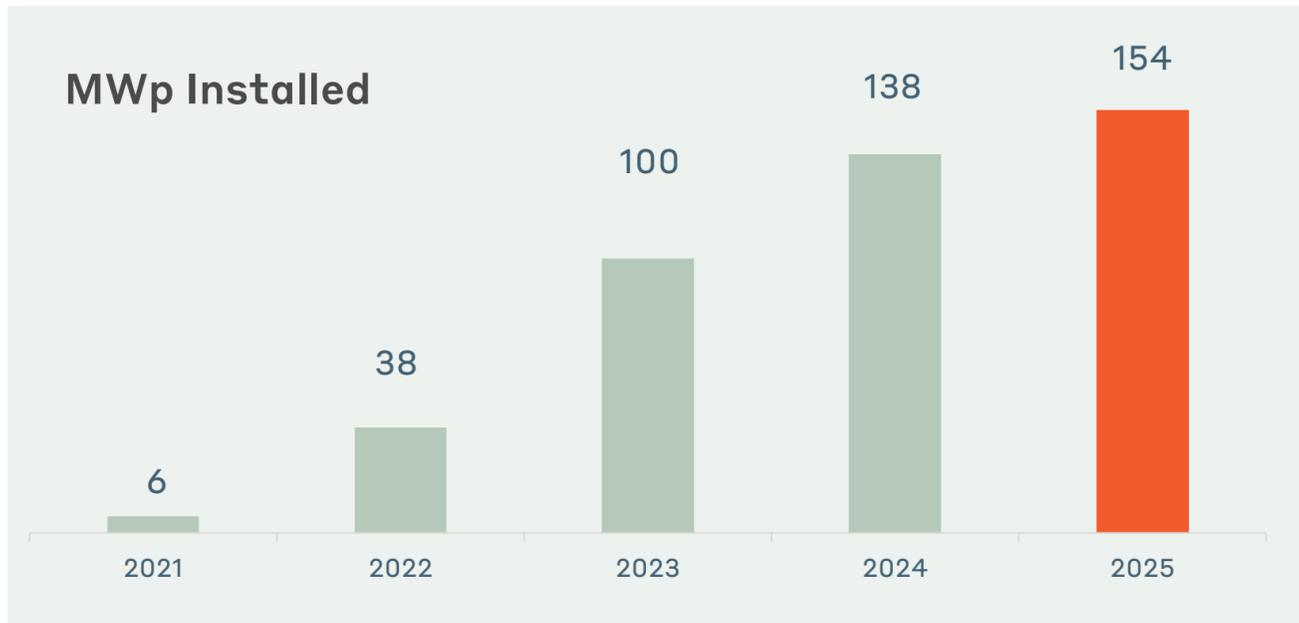
GLA: 138,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 56,000 sqm
Under construction: - 4,000 sqm
Tenants: 16
 Schnellecke, Slomatec, HP-Pelzer, HBPO, Motherson SAS Automotive



○ Brno Líšeň

GLA: 136,000 sqm
Adjacent Landbank: 95,000 sqm
Under construction: - 48,000 sqm
Tenants: 27
 ZETOR tractors, Dr.Max, Rohlik, Swiss Automotive, Vilgain

Energy



- YoC target: 15%
- Cost per MWp: ~€750k – below market average thanks to CTP acquiring in bulk and PV ready roof structures since 2020
- Income: 1-year lag between installation and income, i.e. MWp installed in 2024 drive 2025 income
- 2025 revenues: €14.6 million (92% y-o-y vs. €7.6 million)



Importance to tenants:



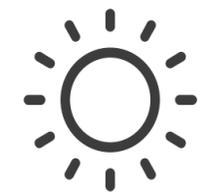
Energy security



Lower cost of occupancy



Increased regulation and / or their client requirements



Tenants' ESG ambitions

EPRA EPS

EPRA Earnings (€ million)	FY-2025	FY-2024
Earnings per IFRS income statement	1,081.8	1,081.4
Adjustments to calculate EPRA Earnings, exclude:		
Changes in value of investment properties, development properties held for investment and other interests	1,139.9	941.5
Profits or losses on disposal of investment properties, development properties held for investment and other interests	0.1	-2.3
Profits or losses on sales of trading properties including impairment charges in respect of trading properties		
Tax on profits or losses on disposals	-0.0	0.4
Negative goodwill / goodwill impairment	-113.6	-
Changes in fair value of financial instruments and associated close-out costs	-1.0	-1.9
Acquisition costs on share deals and non-controlling joint venture interests	-1.1	
Tax in respect of EPRA adjustments	-279.1	-219.7
Adjustments above in respect of joint ventures (unless already included under proportional consolidation)		
Non-controlling interests in respect of the above		
EPRA Earnings	336.6	363.4
Average number of shares (in million)	478.3	456.8
EPRA Earnings per Share (EPS)	0.70	0.80
Adjustments to calculate Company specific adjusted EPRA Earnings, exclude:		
FX related to company restructuring, intra-group transfers of SPV's, etc.	-22.4	5.9
Non-recurring financing cost (e.g., prepayment fees, arrangement fees, etc.)	-33.8	20.3
Non-recurring items unrelated to operational performance (e.g., donations, transaction advisory, write-offs, etc.)	-22.8	-23.5
Tax in respect of Company specific adjustments	10.5	-3.3
Company specific adjusted EPRA Earnings	405.0	364.0
Company specific adjusted EPRA EPS	0.85	0.80

NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Company Specific Adjusted EPRA Earnings P&L

(€ million)	IFRS	EPRA Earnings Adjustments	Company specific adjusted EPRA Earnings
Rental Income	759.8	3.4	763.2
Service charge income	92.3	0.6	93.0
Property operating expenses	-114.2	-	-114.2
Net rental income	738.0	4.0	742.0
Net income / expenses from renewable energy	5.2	3.8	9.0
Net operating income from hotel operations	9.1	-1.5	7.6
Net income from development activities	27.0	-	27.0
Net valuation result on investment property	1,139.9	-1,139.9	-
Other income	12.4	-0.2	12.2
Amortisation and depreciation and impairment	-12.2	-	-12.2
Employee benefits	-51.4	0.2	-51.2
Impairment of financial assets	-0.2	-	-0.2
Impairment of goodwill	-113.5	113.5	-
Other expenses	-65.7	15.9	-49.7
Net other income/expenses	-230.5	171.4	-101.1
Profit/loss before finance costs	1,688.7	-1,004.2	684.5
Interest income	26.9	-	26.9
Interest expense	-293.7	5.6	-288.1
Other financial expenses	-33.3	28.2	-5.1
Other financial gains/losses	-23.2	23.4	0.2
Net finance costs	-323.2	57.2	-266.1
Profit/loss before income tax	1,365.5	-947.1	418.4
Income tax expense	-283.7	270.3	-13.4
Profit for the period	1,081.8	-676.8	405.0

EPRA NAV

EPRA Net Asset Value Metrics (€ million)	EPRA NTA		EPRA NRV		EPRA NDV	
	31 December 2025	31 December 2024	31 December 2025	31 December 2024	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
IFRS Equity attributable to shareholders	8,462.2	7,351.2	8,462.2	7,351.2	8,462.2	7,351.2
Include / Exclude:						
i) Hybrid instruments						
Diluted NAV	8,462.2	7,351.2	8,462.2	7,351.2	8,462.2	7,351.2
Include:						
ii.a) Revaluation of IP (if IAS 40 cost option is used)						
ii.b) Revaluation of IPUC (if IAS 40 cost option is used)						
ii.c) Revaluation of other non-current investments						
iii) Revaluation of tenant leases held as finance leases						
iv) Revaluation of trading properties						
Diluted NAV at Fair Value	8,462.2	7,351.2	8,462.2	7,351.2	8,462.2	7,351.2
Exclude:						
v) Deferred tax in relation to fair value gains of IP	- 1,633.0	-1,365.9	- 1,633.0	-1,365.9		
vi) Fair value of financial instruments	62.8	-22.0	62.8	-22.0		
vii) Goodwill as a result of deferred tax	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8	38.8
viii.a) Goodwill as per the IFRS balance sheet (net of vii)	85.4	132.3			85.4	132.3
viii.b) Intangibles as per the IFRS balance sheet	13.8	8.4				
Include:						
ix) Fair value of fixed interest rate debt					193.9	195.4
x) Revaluation of intangibles to fair value						
xi) Real estate transfer tax			74.3	73.4		
NAV	9,894.6	8,559.4	10,068.0	8,773.6	8,532.0	7,375.4
Fully diluted number of shares (in million)	485.2	473.3	485.2	473.3	485.2	473.3
NAV per share	20.39	18.08	20.75	18.54	17.58	15.58

NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

EPRA NIY

EPRA NIY and 'topped-up' NIY (€ million)	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Investment property – wholly owned	18,203.1	15,732.1
Investment property – share of JVs/Funds		
Trading property (including share of JVs)		
Less: developments	1,368.1	1,076.8
Less: landbank	1,473.6	1,292.4
Completed property portfolio	15,361.5	13,362.9
Allowance for estimated purchasers' costs		
Gross-up completed property portfolio valuation	15,361.5	13,362.9
Annualised cash passing rental income	839.7	745.4
Property outgoings	21.8	17.3
Annualised net rents	817.9	728.1
Add: notional rent expiration of rent-free periods or other lease incentives	29.4	23.1
Topped-up net annualised rent	847.3	751.2
EPRA NIY	5.32%	5.45%
EPRA “topped-up” NIY	5.52%	5.62%

NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

LTV

LTV (€ million)	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Investment Property	16,835.1	14,655.3
Investment Property under Development	1,368.1	1,076.8
Property, Plant and Equipment	279.8	248.4
Gross Asset Value	18,483.0	15,980.5
Bonds	5,142.6	4,043.1
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings from financial institutions	4,085.9	4,056.5
Cash and cash equivalents	-708.4	-855.4
Net Debt	8,520.1	7,244.2
LTV	46.1%	45.3%

Cost of debt

Cost of Debt (€ million)	31 December 2025	31 December 2024
Net finance costs (IFRS)	-323.2	-181.1
<i>To be excluded:</i>		
Profit in loss from fin assets and liabilities for trading	-1.0	-1.9
Exchange rate differences	-22.4	5.9
Other financial income	0.1	37.2
Other financial expense	-33.3	-17.3
Interest income	26.9	36.7
Arrangement fees	-5.6	-6.3
Amortization Bond issuance fees	-3.1	-2.4
Effective financial expense	-285.0	-232.9
Average outstanding debt¹	8,664.0	7,541.4
Cost of Debt	3.3%	3.1%

1. Average outstanding debt is calculated based on the last 12 months: (outstanding debt per 30/9/2024 + outstanding debt per 30/9/2025) / 2
 NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Portfolio

Portfolio split by value (in %)	GAV ¹ (€18,483m)	Standing ² (€15,361m)	Landbank ² (€1,474m)	IPuD (€1,368m)	PPE (€280m)
Czech Republic	41%	42%	28%	31%	63%
Romania	15%	16%	10%	6%	8%
Germany	11%	10%	18%	13%	6%
Hungary	8%	9%	8%	3%	5%
Poland	8%	6%	12%	20%	2%
Slovakia	8%	7%	11%	11%	2%
Serbia	4%	4%	3%	2%	11%
Netherlands	3%	3%	4%	0%	2%
Bulgaria	2%	2%	1%	5%	0%
Austria	1%	1%	3%	6%	1%
Italy	1%	0%	3%	4%	0%

1. Consists of Investment Property, Investment Property under Development and Property Plant & Equipment

2. Included in Investment Property on the balance sheet

NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Portfolio

Portfolio split by sqm ('000)	Standing (14,568 sqm)		IPuD (1,968 sqm)		Landbank (33,811 sqm)	
Czech Republic	4,798	33%	473	24%	7,695	23%
Romania	3,182	22%	257	13%	3,974	12%
Germany	1,755	12%	161	8%	1,530	5%
Hungary	1,376	9%	110	6%	2,565	8%
Slovakia	1,076	7%	94	5%	2,632	8%
Poland	1,016	7%	386	20%	2,593	8%
Serbia	752	5%	63	3%	1,911	6%
Netherlands	247	2%	-	-	1,618	5%
Bulgaria	281	2%	93	5%	235	1%
Austria	74	1%	116	6%	391	1%
Italy	30	-	215	11%	8,668	26%

NB: Figures may not add up due to rounding

Financial calendar

Event:	Date:
Q1-2026 results	30 April 2026
Annual General Meeting	20 May 2026
H1-2026 results	30 July 2026
Capital Market Days in Warsaw, Poland	22-23 September 2026
Q3-2026 results	29 October 2026

Disclaimer

This announcement contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of CTP. These forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology, including the terms “believes”, “estimates”, “plans”, “projects”, “anticipates”, “expects”, “intends”, “targets”, “may”, “aims”, “likely”, “would”, “could”, “can have”, “will” or “should” or, in each case, their negative or other variations or comparable terminology. Forward-looking statements may and often do differ materially from actual results. As a result, undue influence should not be placed on any forward-looking statement. This presentation contains inside information as defined in article 7(1) of Regulation (EU) 596/2014 of 16 April 2014 (the Market Abuse Regulation).



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